#### **GD-082-PHS-EMS:** Drug Profile for Racemic Epinephrine

This is the Arizona Department of Health Services' recommendation for the use of this drug in the prehospital setting.

# **GENERIC NAME:**

**CLASS:** sympathomimetic

#### Mechanism of Action:

Alpha-receptor stimulation: causes vasoconstriction, which results in reduction of mucosal and submucosal edema

Beta-receptor stimulation: bronchodilation, reduction in airway smooth muscle spasm

#### Indications (interfacility use only):

Croup

Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease, Chronic Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Bronchial Asthma, and other peripheral airway disease

#### Contraindications:

- Allergy to any of the ingredients (may contain sulfites)
- Coronary Artery Disease/Insufficiency
- Arrhythmias
- Epiglottitis
- Hypertension

#### Adverse Reactions:

- Tachycardia
- Dysrhythmias
- Headache
- Nausea
- Palpitations
- Angina

#### **NOTES ON ADMINISTRATION**

## <u>Incompatibilities/Drug Interactions:</u>

May potentiate other sympathomimetics MAO inhibitors – may cause hypertensive crisis Alpha-adrenergic blockers – may cause hypotension RACEMIC EPINEPHRINE

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# Adult Dosage/Pediatric Dosage:

0.5 mL (2.25%) in 2.5 to 4.5 mL normal saline via nebulizer

## Routes of Administration:

Inhaled via small volume nebulizer

# Onset of Action:

Within 5 minutes

## **Duration of Action:**

1 to 3 hours

#### Dosage Forms/Packaging:

2.25% solutions

## **Special Notes:**

If heart rate increases by more than 20 beats per minute from initial rate, discontinue use. Closely monitor vital signs – may produce tachycardia, other dysrhythmias, and hypertension.

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Excessive use may cause bronchospasm.